### <u>Sparks City Council</u> <u>Consideration</u>

### Should Paramedic-Level Service Be Implemented in the Sparks Fire Department?



#### **Two-Tiered EMS System**

Designed in 1986 •First-Tier - Fire Departments: Fire strategically placed within 4 minute drive time >Provide rapid initial care •Second-Tier - REMSA Ambulances: Provide Paramedic-level service Provide transport OF SP





#### History of EMS In Sparks Fire Department

- •1986 First Responder
- •1996 Basic EMT-D (defibrillators)
- •2000 Advanced EMT
- •2016 Paramedic?

45% EMS 60% EMS 74% EMS 80% EMS

#### \*EMS is a Core Service of the Sparks Fire Department





#### Is There A Need for SFD Paramedics?

# Only if SFD arrives on scene first Only if SFD waits for REMSA to arrive Only if these EMS calls are classified as urgent





#### **Does SFD Get to EMS Calls First?**

From January 1, 2015 through March 31, 2016, there were 11,017 EMS calls where both SFD and REMSA responded and both arrived on scene
SFD arrived first 6,656 times
60.4% of the time SFD arrived first







#### How Long Does SFD Wait for REMSA

Wait Times for Fire Department					
Calls with Wait Times 0 to 5 Minutes	5384				
Calls with Wait Times 5 to 10 Minutes		912			
Calls with Wait Times More Than 10 Minutes		360			
Total Calls where SFD Waited		6656			
Average Wait Time		0:03:22			
Maximum Wait Time		1:09:25			
Median Wait Time	0:02:17				
Count of Matched EMS Calls	11017				
% of Time SFD First on Scene	60.4%				

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As EMS calls occur further away from the core of the City wait times increase





#### When SFD Arrives First Are Urgent EMS Emergencies Found?

Urgent EMS Call Volume					
Provider Primary Assessment	Number	of EMS	Incidents		
Airway obstruction		24			
Allergic reaction		35			
Altered level of consciousness		419			
Cardiac arrest		74			
Cardiac rhythm disturbance		51			
Chest pain / discomfort		283			
Diabetic symptoms (hypoglycemia)	114				
Hyperthermia	6				
Hypothermia	2				
Hypovolemia / shock	16				
Poisoning / drug ingestion	35				
Pregnancy / OB delivery	16				
Respiratory arrest		3			
Respiratory distress		325			
Seizure	189				
Stroke / CVA		66			
Syncope / fainting		183			
Traumatic injury		886			
Total		2727			





Paramedic-Level EMS Service **Opportunity to Improve Patient Care** ✓•SFD is arriving at EMS calls first •SFD is waiting for REMSA to arrive •Over 40% of these EMS calls are classified as urgent \*These 2727 calls represent opportunities to improve patient care by providing Paramedic-Level service immediately

upon Fire's arrival

#### Medically Speaking – Why Upgrade?

Since the inception of our Advanced EMT service in 2000, medicine and associated technology has advanced:

The Paramedic Scope of Practice has expanded much more than the Advanced scope creating a greater gap between service levels
Standards of Care regarding the elapsed time between recognition and definitive care for particular medical emergencies now exists for medical systems



#### **EMS Certification Levels**

Advanced EMT:

•Performs Basic and a limited set of Advanced and pharmacological interventions:

- Some advanced airway procedures
- ≻I.V. access
- ≻8 medications common to EMS





### **EMS Certification Levels**

Paramedic:

- Includes Basic and Advanced skills coupled with invasive interventions and pharmacology:
  - >Cardiac care including cardiac monitor and defibrillator capabilities
  - Pharmacological Interventions including advanced intravenous techniques and an expanded medication list
  - >Advanced airway techniques



### **Paramedic Interventions**

#### Cardiac:

- •12-Lead EKG
- End Tidal CO<sub>2</sub> monitoring
   Manual Defibrillation
- Synchronized Cardioversion
- •Transcutaneous pacing
- Vagal maneuversCPR feedback and data

- <u>Airway / Medical:</u>
- Endotracheal intubation
- Cricothyrotomy
- •Needle Thoracentesis
- •Gastric tube placement
- •CPAP administration
- •Various routes of medicine administration



#### **Paramedic Medications**

•Adding similar medications as our regional partners would quadruple our current medication list:

- >13 additional cardiac emergency medications
- >Multiple pain management medications
- >Medications for other serious emergencies including seizures, pregnancy problems, respiratory emergencies and altered level of consciousness

Medications can be tailored to our Community needs



#### Standards of Care

•STEMI – recognition to notification to transport to definitive care – AHA recommends to strive to reduce this time as much as possible

- •Protocols provides for most appropriate treatment
- •Strokes AHA promotes early recognition as possible
- •Airway Management brain death can occur as early as 4 to 6 minutes without oxygen
- Pain Management good patient care and efficiency

\*Core Measures and Quality Assurance Criteria in high performing EMS Systems



#### Paramedic-Level EMS Service Other Reasons for Implementation

# Enhanced Automatic Aid with TMFPD Back-up plan for delivering Paramedic level care City of Sparks is a full-service city





#### Recommendation

Statistical and medical reasons that numerous opportunities exist to improve patient care
Three other reasons to justify a Paramedic program
Fire Staff recommends implementation of Paramedics in the fire department

•Two plans proposed, either would be acceptable





## Questions?





